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Framework for Resilient Development in the Pacific

An Integrated Approach to Address
Climate Change and Disaster
Risk Management (FRDP)

2017 – 2030



**Setting the scene: Practical application of the FRDP:
Update on status of adaptation planning in the Pacific**

The FRDP – Goals and what is it

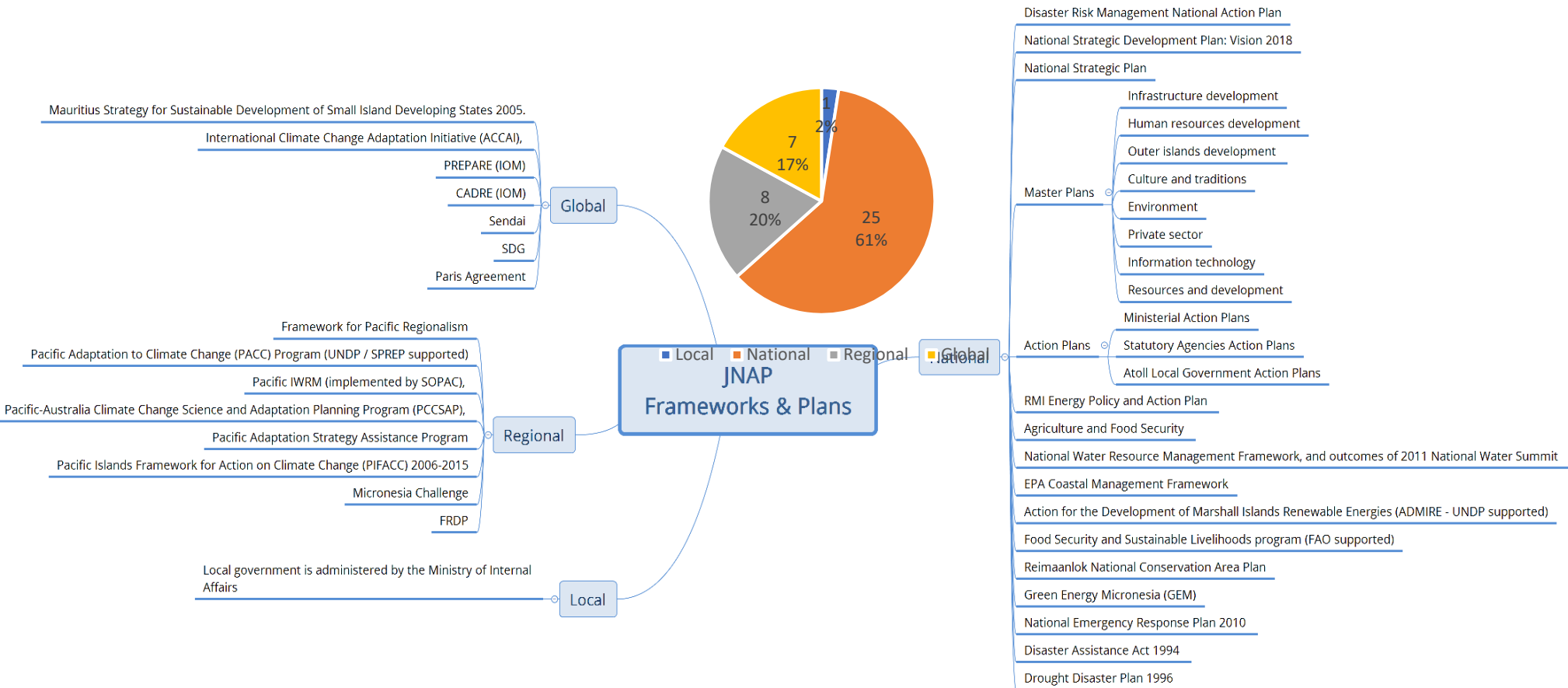
❖ Goals:

1. Strengthened integrated adaptation and risk reduction to enhance resilience to climate change and disasters
2. Low-carbon development
3. Strengthened disaster preparedness, response and recovery

What is it?

- ❖ An integrated approach to address climate change and disaster risk – succeeds the 2 separate regional frameworks – PIFACC and the Pacific Disaster Risk Reduction and Disaster Management Framework for Action;
- ❖ Guideline for voluntary action for all stakeholders;
- ❖ Non-prescriptive and non-political;
- ❖ Reflects unique circumstances of SIDS;
- ❖ Emphasizes that climate change and disaster risk are development challenges;
- ❖ Supports implementation of national plans
- ❖ Living document
- ❖ Applies to natural hazards and climate change

Linkages from global, regional to national – RMI Example (Credit: Jennifer DEBRUM)



- FRDP provides an **exhaustive list of priority activities** to guide all actors
- Goal 1 of the FRDP: Advocate the use of an **integrated approach to adaptation and disaster risk reduction**
- **Adaptation priorities vary from country to country**
- **Adaptation planning processes** also vary from country to country depending on the best fit for purpose
- **Tools use to inform decisions on actions/measures** to undertake is applied for both adaptation and disaster risk reduction for example CBA

Update on national adaptation plans

- None of the Pacific countries have developed NAPs using the UNFCCC's NAP Technical Guidelines
- However, the elements of this technical guideline have been followed and used by the PICTs to develop JNAPs, CC Policies and Strategies
- Joint National Action Plans (JNAPs) – Kiribati, Tonga, Vanuatu, RMI, Cook Islands, Niue, Tuvalu
- Some countries have mainstreamed CC and DRM into their national development agendas – Samoa, Fiji, Solomon Islands
- Stand-alone CC and DRM Policies – FSM, PNG and working towards an integrated policy