

Bryan Hopkins – lead facilitator



International educator and trainer since 1977

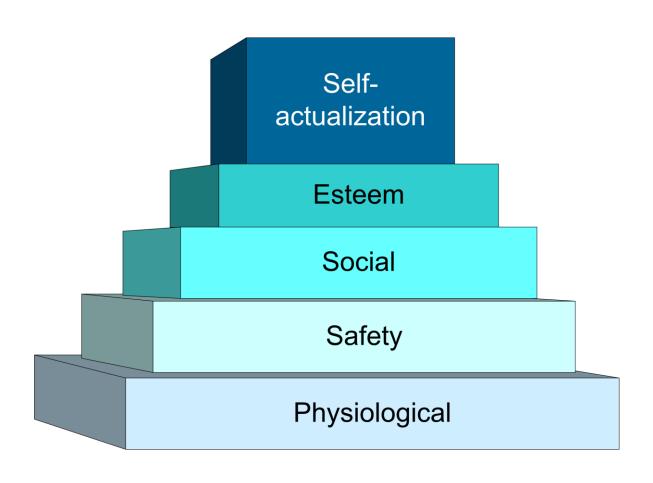
Postgraduate degrees in development studies and systems thinking

Worked for UN agencies and NGOs since 2001

UNHCR Senior Learning Solutions Officer (Budapest) for three years

Maslow's hierarchy of needs





Objectives for the workshop



After this workshop, you should be able to

- design and deliver more learner-centred training
- deliver effective presentations
- facilitate learning activities
- evaluate the effectiveness of your training

Agenda



- Day 1 What makes a good learning environment Designing training programmes
- **Day 2** Delivering presentations
- **Day 3** Facilitating learning activities
- Day 4 Evaluating learning Topics of interest

Training experiences

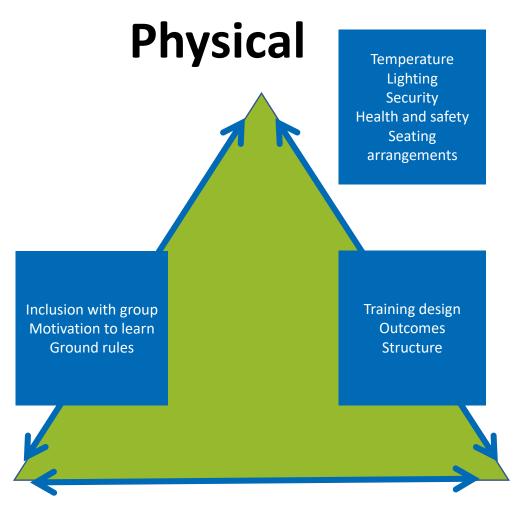


What are your experiences of training?

- One good experience
- One bad experience

Factors influencing a learning environment



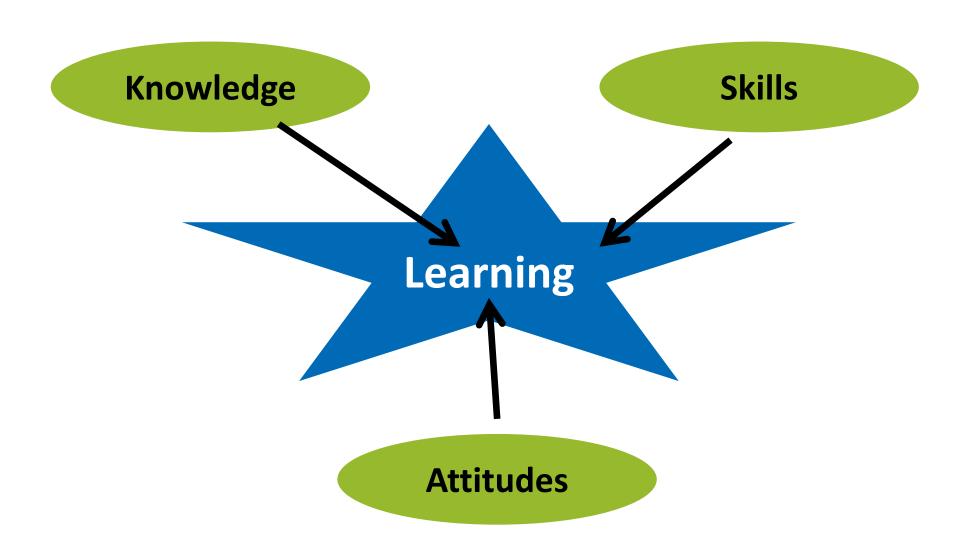


Psychological

Cognitive

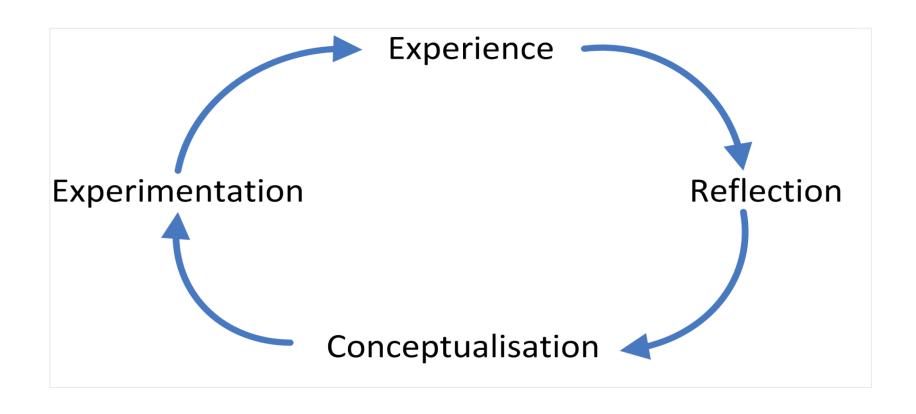
What do we learn?





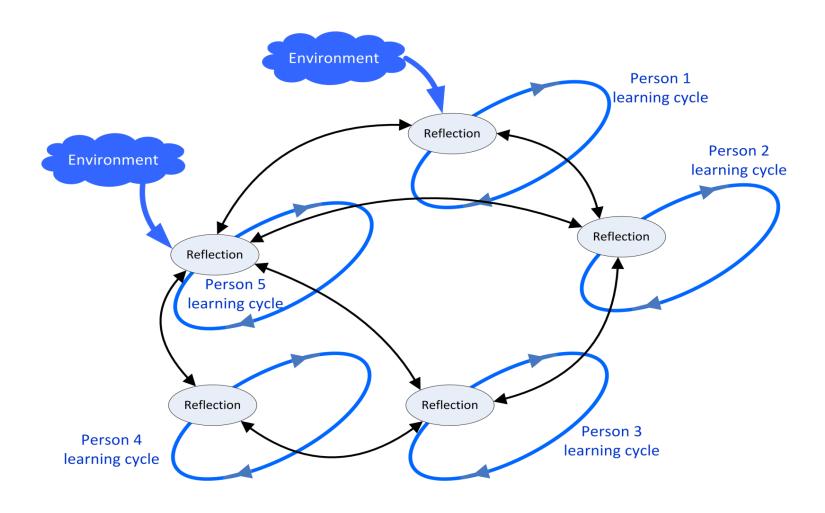
Experiential learning (Kolb)





Social experiential learning (Vygotsky)





Adult learning



In a supportive climate

Participatory planning

Mutual diagnosis of needs

Mutual agreement of goals

Learning based on readiness of learner

Learning based on enquiry and experiment

Mutual evaluation

Learner- and trainer-centred learning



Learner-centred	Element	Trainer-centred
Facilitator	Role	Expert, instructor
Flexible	Agenda	Fixed
Interactive	Learning mode	Passive
Learners knowledgeable	Assumptions	Learners 'empty vessels'
Many	Questions	Few

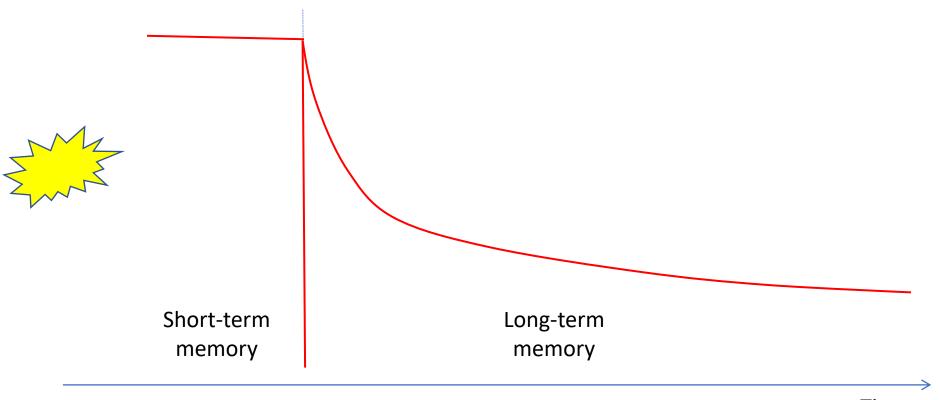
What can you remember?



What did you learn on February 28?

Remembering and forgetting





Time

Aims and outcomes



Aim

General statement of what the training should achieve

Outcomes

Show what success is for the learner

Writing an outcome



Condition

Given options for climate change adaptation

Performance

Evaluate potential effectiveness

Criteria

Agreement by peers

Deconstructing an outcome



Given options for climate change adaptation evaluate potential effectiveness so that peers agree

Identify options

List benefits and risks of options

Define criteria for comparison

Compare options

Analyse crosssectoral issues

Procedural order

Sequencing content

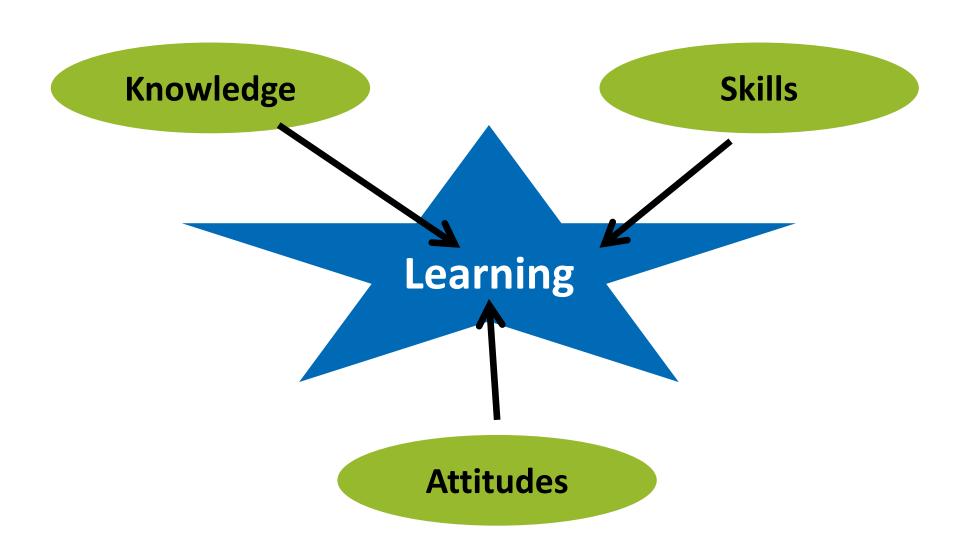


From enabling objectives, sequence lesson by:

- Order of procedure
- Simple to complex
- Known to unknown
- General to specific
- Problem to solution

What do we learn?





Training techniques



Working on a case study Debating alternative positions Watching a demonstration Having a small group discussion Playing a relevant game Listening to a presentation Practising doing something Taking part in a role-play Watching a video

Morning review



Use a marker pen and post-its

Write on a post-it one useful thing learned yesterday

If relevant, write on another post-it one question to ask

Place your post-its on the flip chart

Agenda for Day 2



Day 1 What makes a good learning environment Designing training programmes

Day 2 Delivering presentations

Day 3 Facilitating learning activities

Day 4 Evaluating learning Topics of interest

Good presentations



A "presentation": A delivery of new information

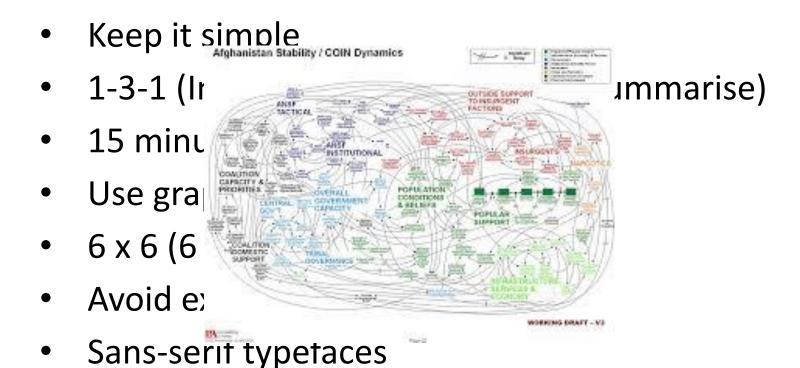
Done by:

- Verbal explanations
- Using slides, flipcharts and whiteboards
- Demonstration
- Encouraging a conversation
- Handout support
- Taking account of attention span issues

"Presentation" ≠ PowerPoint!

Good PowerPoint slides





Modes of communication



Verbal: Non-verbal:

Volume Facial

Pitch Mannerisms

Pace Clothing

Pausing Eye contact

Hands

Personal space

Culture

Active listening



- Face who you are listening to
- Maintain appropriate eye contact
- Make noises and gestures to show you are listening
- Concentrate
- Let the person finish speaking
- Show understanding by summarising

Difficult participants



Don't want to be here

Know-alls

Talkers

Doing other things

Late arrivers

Dominaters

Morning review



Use a marker pen and post-its

Write on a post-it one useful thing learned yesterday

If relevant, write on another post-it one question to ask

Place your post-its on the flip chart

Agenda for Day 3



Day 1 What makes a good learning environment Designing training programmes

Day 2 Delivering presentations

Day 3 Facilitating learning activities

Day 4 Evaluating learning Topics of interest

Effective facilitation



- Facilitation helping people learn
- Work with smaller groups
- Divide groups according to context
- Make instructions clear and available
- Engage with group discussions
- Allow groups to report back

Aims and outcomes of facilitation activities



Aim

To provide some practice in facilitating technical training activities

Outcomes

After this session, you should be able to:

- manage group activities effectively
- identify potential challenges in facilitating activities

Facilitation activities: what you need to do



- 1. Read the instructions for your selected activity
- 2. Plan how you will manage the activity (30 minutes)
- 3. Facilitate the activity (45 minutes)
- 4. Contribute to the review session

Agenda for Day 4



Day 1 What makes a good learning environment Designing training programmes

Day 2 Delivering presentations

Day 3 Facilitating learning activities

Day 4 Evaluating learning Topics of interest

Evaluating learning



Levels of evaluation (Kirkpatrick):

- 1. Reaction
- 2. Learning
- 3. Behaviour
- 4. Impact

What we have covered



- Quality of learning influenced by physical, psychological and cognitive factors
- Base training around proven theories of learning
- Structure training activities around deconstructed outcomes
- Keep presentations short, varied and interactive
- Facilitation is a key way of encouraging social learning